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action in the Superior Court of the State of California, County of Napa. Napa County is within this judicial district. Pan-American first received notice of this action by service of the summons and complaint on April 27, 2007. Thirty days since notice and service has not yet expired. The complaint was the first pleading, notice, order or other paper from which it could be ascertained that the case is removable.

- 2. Based upon the allegations of plaintiff's complaint, plaintiff is a citizen of the State of California, County of Napa.
- 3. Defendant Pan-American Life Insurance Company is, and at all relevant times was, a corporation duly organized and existing under the laws of the State of Louisiana, with its principal place of business in New Orleans, Louisiana.
- 4. Defendants Does 1 through 20, inclusive, are defendants sued under fictitious names who have not as yet been served. For purposes of this Notice of Removal, the citizenship of such fictitious defendants is to be disregarded pursuant to 28 U.S.C. Section 1441(a).
- 5. While Pan-American denies that plaintiff is entitled to any recovery whatsoever, the amount in controversy for purposes of removal is measured by plaintiff's claims at the time of removal, not by the ultimate merit (or lack of merit) of plaintiffs' action. See Eagle v. Am. Tel. & Tel. Co., 769 F.2d 541, 545 (9th Cir. 1985). In measuring the amount in controversy, a court must assume that the allegations of the complaint are true and assume that a jury will return a verdict for the plaintiff on all claims made in the complaint. See Kenneth Rothschild Trust v. Morgan Stanley Dean Witter, 199 F. Supp. 2d 993, 1001 (C.D. Cal. 2002). Moreover, "the amount in controversy is not measured by the low end of an open-ended claim, but rather by reasonable reading of the value of the rights being litigated." See id. (quoting Angus v. Shiley, 989 F.2d 142, 146 (3d Cir. 1993)).
- The amount in controversy in this case is in excess of \$75,000.00, exclusive of 6. interests and costs, because the Complaint seeks unspecified amounts in damages for breach of contract, breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, fraud, negligent misrepresentation, intentional infliction of emotional distress and unfair business practices, including "loss of the benefits provided by the Policies plus such reasonably foreseeable consequential damages" (Complaint at \P 23, 27, 33, 37), mental and emotional distress (id. at \P 27, 33, 37, 43, 47), punitive

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A limited liability partnership formed in the State of Delaware

REED SMITH LLP

- \$75,000 is in controversy, the court may consider "facts presented in the removal petition as well as any summary-judgment-type evidence relevant to the amount in controversy at the time of removal." Matheson v. Progressive Specialty Ins. Co., 319 F.3d 1089, 1090 (9th Cir. 2003).
- 8. The jurisdictional minimum may also be satisfied by claims for extracontractual damages, special and general damages, attorneys' fees and punitive damages. See Gibson v. Chrysler Corp., 261 F.3d 927, 945 (9th Cir. 2001); Simmons v. PCR Technology, 209 F. Supp. 2d 1029, 1031 (N.D. Cal. 2002).
- 9. Plaintiff requests punitive damages. The amount in controversy may include punitive damages when they are recoverable as a matter of law. Gibson, 261 F.3d at 945. Plaintiff has asserted a cause of action for breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing, for which punitive damages may be recovered. Plaintiff has also asserted causes of action for fraud and intentional infliction of emotional distress, which permit recovery of punitive damages. Civil Code § 3294.
- The Complaint also seeks an unspecified amount of attorneys' fees. Attorneys' fees 10. may be included in the amount in controversy if recoverable by statute or contract. Simmons, 209 F. Supp. 2d at 1034-1035 (citing Galt G/S v. JSS Scandinavia, 142 F.3d 1150, 1155-1156 (9th Cir. 1998)). California law permits the recovery of certain attorneys' fees as an element of damages in actions against an insurer for breach of the implied covenant of good faith and fair dealing. See Brandt v. Superior Court, 37 Cal. 3d 813 (1985).
- The civil action is therefore removed to this District Court on the basis of diversity 11. jurisdiction under the provisions of 28 U.S.C. Sections 1332, 1441 and 1446.
 - Attached hereto as Exhibit A is a true and correct copy of all pleadings and process 12.

filed in this civil action in the Superior Court and served on defendants.

A Notice of Filing Removal is concurrently being filed with the Superior Court for the State of California, County of Napa, and being served on plaintiff.

DATED: May 24, 2007.

REED SMITH LLP

By

Thomas A. Evans

Eugenia S. Chern Attorneys for Defendant Pan-American Life Insurance Company

A limited liability partnership formed in the State of Delaware

EXHIBIT A

SUIVIMONS (CITACION JUDICIAL)

NOTICE TO DEFENDANT:

(AVISO AL DEMANDADO): PAN AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY; and DOE 1 through Doe 20, Inclusive

DELAY REDUCTION CASE

YOU ARE BEING SUED BY PLAINTIFF: (LO ESTÁ DEMANDANDO EL DEMANDANTE):

DONNA MATHEWS

SUM-100

FOR COURT USE ONLY (SOLO PARA USC DE LA CORTE)

ENDORSED

APR 192007

Clerk of the Napa Superior Court N. BENAVIDEZ

You have 30 CALENDAR DAYS after this summons and legal papers are served on you to file a written response at this court and have a copy served on the plaintiff. A letter or phone call will not protect you. Your written response must be in proper legal form if you want the court to hear your case. There may be a court form that you can use for your response. You can find these court forms and more Information at the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), your county law library, or the courthouse nearest you. If you cannot pay the filing fee, ask the court clerk for a fee waiver form. If you do not file your response on time, you may lose the case by default, and your wages, money, and property may be taken without further warning from the court.

There are other legal requirements. You may want to call an attorney right away. If you do not know an attorney, you may want to call an

attorney referral service. If you cannot afford an attorney, you may be eligible for free legal services from a nonprofit legal services program. You can locate these nonprofit groups at the California Legal Services Web site (www.tawhelpcalifornia.org), the California Courts Online Self-Help Center (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp), or by contacting your local court or county bar association.

Tiene 30 DÍAS DE CALENDARIO después de que le entreguen esta citación y papeles legales pera presentar una respuesta por escrito en esta corte y hacer que se entregue una copia al demandante. Una carta o una librada telefónica no lo protegen. Su respuesta por escrito tiene que estar en formato legal correcto si desea que procesen su caso en la corte. Es posible que haya un formulario que ustad pueda usar para su respuesta. Puede encontrar estos formularlos de la corte y más información en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/seifhelp/espanol/), en la biblioteca de leyes de su condado o en la corte que le quede más cerca. Si no puede pagar la cuota de presentación, pida al secretario de la corte que le dé un formulario de exención de pago de cuotas. Si no presenta su respuesta a tiempo, puede perder el caso por incumplimiento y la corte le podrá quitar su sueldo, dinero y bienes sin más advertencia.

Hay otros requisitos legales. Es recomendable que llame a un abogado inmediatamente. Si no conoce a un abogado, puede llamar a un servicio de remisión a abogados. Si no puede pagar a un abogado, es posible que cumpla con los requisitos para obtaner servicios legales gratuitos de un programa de servicios legales sin fines de lucro. Puede encontrar estos grupos sin fines de lucro en el sitlo web de California Lagal Services, (www.lewhelpcalifornia.org), en el Centro de Ayuda de las Cortes de California, (www.courtinfo.ca.gov/selfhelp/espanol/) o poniándose en contacto con la corte o el colegio de abogados locales

The name and address of the court is: (El nombre y dirección de la corte es): NAPA COUNTY SUPERIOR COURT 825 Brown St. Napa. CA 94559

CASE NUMBER:

		•	
The name, address, and telephone number of plaintiff's attomatic (El nombre, la dirección y el número de teléfono del abogado de MICHAEL E. KINNEY SB#77018	del demandante, o del dema	indante que no tiene abogad -527–4141	•
LAW OFFICES OF MICHAEL E. KINNEY		Stophen A. Bouc	'n
438 First St.		Stops and	
Santa Rosa, CA 95401	N.	BENAVIDEZ	Danuba
DATE: APR 1 9 2007	Clerk, by		, Deputy
(Fecha) (For proof of service of this summons, use Proof of Service of Service)	(Secretario)		(Adjunto)
a Day habali of (assails)	ERVED: You are served ndant. Inder the fictitious name of (
CCP 416.20	· ·	CCP 416.60 (minor) CCP 416.70 (conser CCP 416.90 (authori	vatee)
Form Adopted for Mandatory Use		Legal Code of Civil P	rocedure 55 4 12 20, 485

SUM-100 [Rev. January 1, 2004]

SUMMONS



				Ellen
	1			FILED
	2	Bar No. 77018 Law Office of Michael E. Kinney		APR 19 2007
	3	438 First St. Fourth Floor		Clerk of the Napa Superior CA
	4	Santa Rosa, CA 95401 (707) 527-4141		By: VI BOLOUTO
	5	Attorney for Plaintiff		CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE
	6	DONNA MATHEWS DELAY REDUCTION	N CASE	TIME: 8:30am
	7		Tompo Parage	PLACE: Courtroom 825 Brown Street, Napa CA 94559
	8	SUPERIOR COUR	T OF CALIFO	RNIA
	9	COUNTY	OF NAPA	
	10			
	11	DONALA MARKIPINO	No. 26	- 37 49 8
	12	DONNA MATHEWS,		AINT FOR BREACH OF
	13	Plaintiff,	CONTR. COVEN	ACT, BREACH OF THE ANT OF GOOD FAITH
	14	vs.	AND FA	IR DEALING, FRAUD.
	15	PAN AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY; and DOE 1 through Doe 20,	MISREP	RESENTATION, TONAL INFLICTION OF
	16	Inclusive,	EMOTIC	ONAL DISTRESS, UNFAIR
	17	Defendants.		SS PRACTICES
	18	COME NOW PLANTS DONNA NO		TED CIVIL CASE
	1	COME NOW Plaintiff DONNA MA	VIHEWS and c	omplains and alleges as follows:
	19	**	Note that the second of the se	
	20		LLEGATIONS	
	21	1. Plaintiff DONNA MAT	HEWS is and at	t all times relevant hereto was a
	22	resident of the County of Napa, State of California	ia.	
	23	2. Plaintiff is informed and	believes and th	ereon alleges that Defendant PAN
	24	AMERICAN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY is	, and at all time	es relevant hereto was, a
	25	corporation duly authorized to do business, and de	oing business as	s an insurance company in the
	26	State of California.		
	27	3. The true names and capa	cities, whether	individual, corporate, associate or
	FREE V	redotherwise of Defendants Doe 1 through Doe 20, i	nclusive, are ur	nknown to Plaintiff, who therefore
	APR 1 8	7007		
Na	CW STABILL	Complaint		

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sues said Defendants by such fictitious names. Plaintiff will amend this Complaint to show their true names and capacities when ascertained. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that said Defendants, and each of them, were in some way responsible for the harm caused to Plaintiff as alleged in this Complaint.

- Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that each of the 4. Defendants herein was at all times relevant hereto the agent, employee or representative of the remaining Defendants and was acting at least in part within the course and scope of such relationship.
- In or about May 1991, at Napa County, California, Plaintiff purchased a long term disability insurance policy from Defendants, designated by Defendants as Policy No. 0012857640. Between May 1991 and November 2005, Plaintiff purchased two additional long term disability insurance policies from Defendants, designated by Defendants as Policy No. 0012577580 and Policy No. 1257573. The three long term disability policies are hereinafter collectively designated as "the Policies." This Policies, by their terms, purported to provide long term disability insurance benefits, including monthly benefit payments and additional funds for the vocational rehabilitation of the policy holder.
- Plaintiff authorized Defendants to make withdrawals from Plaintiff's bank 6. account monthly in the amount of the monthly premiums for the Policies. Defendants made such monthly withdrawals. All premiums on the Policies were paid up to the date of Plaintiff's disability, and the Policies have remained in effect at all times relevant hereto.
- In November 2005, Plaintiff fell off a ladder and was injured. Plaintiff 7. suffered a shoulder injury which rendered her disabled from her regular job as a dental hygienist. Defendants have determined that the date of the inception of Plaintiff's disability is December 14, 2005. Plaintiff has been continuously disabled since December 2005, and remains disabled at this time.
- Plaintiff provided Defendants with prompt notice of her injury and 8. disability.
 - The Policies provide for a waiver of premium payments during the 9.

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26 27 28 policyholder's disability, but that premiums must be paid during the first ninety days of disability. The Policies further provide that Defendants "will refund any premiums paid during the first ninety days of disability, if premiums are waived." Following Plaintiff's disability, Defendants continued to withdraw premiums from Plaintiff's account, but refused, and continue to refuse, to refund the full amount of premiums paid during the first ninety days of Plaintiff's disability, although Plaintiff requested a full refund.

- On or about March 15, 2006, without first contacting Plaintiff or 10. Plaintiff's employer or otherwise performing a reasonable investigation as to whether Plaintiff was still disabled or had returned to work, Defendants unilaterally stopped paying benefits to Plaintiff. Plaintiff had not returned to work and was still disabled, as Defendants knew or reasonably should have known.
- On or about April 17, 2006, without prior notice to Plaintiff, Defendants 11. improperly withdrew the sum of \$1,189.61 from Plaintiff's bank account. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendants claim that this sum represents an annual premium for two of the policies and a monthly premium for the third policy. At no time has Plaintiff ever authorized Defendants to withdraw more than a monthly premium, and Defendants have never been authorized to withdraw an annual premium from Plaintiff's account. On or about April 17, 2006, Plaintiff was disabled and had been disabled for more that ninety days. Under the terms of the Policies, premiums were waived and Defendants were not entitled to any premium payment whatsoever at that time.
- In March 2006, Defendants paid Plaintiff benefits on Policy No. 12. 0012857640 and on Policy No. 0012577580, but did not pay benefits due under the third policy, although such benefits were clearly due and owing to Plaintiff. Defendants concealed from Plaintiff the fact that they were not paying all of the benefits to which Plaintiff was due and provided Plaintiff no notice whatsoever that Defendants had underpaid Plaintiff.
- Following Plaintiff's disability in December 2005, Defendants withdrew 13. funds from Plaintiff's bank account as a premium payment on Policy No. 1257573. These withdrawals continued without interruption though August 2006, although Defendants were

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obligated to waive the premium during the period of Plaintiff's disability.

- Defendants improperly suspended all payments of Plaintiff's benefits on 14. all of the Policies and made no payments whatsoever to Plaintiff from March 6, 2006 until July 13, 2006, even though Defendants knew or reasonably should have known that Plaintiff was disabled during this entire period. On July 13, 2006, Defendants resumed paying benefits on Policy No. 0012857640 and on Policy No. 0012577580. Although Defendants then owed Plaintiff for four months of benefits on those two policies, they paid only a portion of the benefits then past due. Since July 2006, Defendants have never brought current the benefits payments due to Plaintiff, and remain months in arrears on the payments due to Plaintiff.
- Defendants failed to pay any benefits on Policy No. 1257573 until 15. September 2006, by which time Defendants owed benefits for seven months. In September 2006, Defendants paid a portion of the benefits then past due. Since September 2006, Defendants have never brought current the benefits payments due to Plaintiff, and remain months in arrears on the payments due to Plaintiff,
- In addition to monthly benefit payments, the Policies provide the benefit 16. of rehabilitation. The Policies provide:

"We will pay for a rehabilitation program that we approve. Maximum payment for a single disability will be 24 times the Monthly Benefit. With our permission this maximum may be waived. This payment will have no effect on any other benefit of this policy.'

- Plaintiff duly applied to Defendants for the rehabilitation benefit offered 17. by the policy. Defendants denied Plaintiff's request for rehabilitation benefits without basis or explanation. Plaintiff's request for the rehabilitation benefit was reasonable and proper and Defendants' denial was completely unjustified.
- Defendants have engaged in tactics designed to confuse Plaintiff and to 18. cover up Defendants' inadequate payment of benefits and excessive withdrawal of premiums from Plaintiff's bank account. These tactics include sending Plaintiff undated Explanations of Benefits, sending premium notices at times when Defendants were obligated to waive premiums, sending

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premium refund checks with	hout explanation	of what pren	niums were be	ing refunded, sending	
benefit payments in the wro					
Plaintiff's account.			•		

When Plaintiff complained about the conduct of Defendants, Defendants 19. responded by compelling Plaintiff to attend a medical examination more than 100 miles from Plaintiff's home. Plaintiff is informed and believes that Defendants took this action to retaliate against Plaintiff for complaining about the conduct of Defendants.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

AGAINST DEFENDANTS AND EACH OF THEM

FOR BREACH OF CONTRACT

- Plaintiff hereby repeats and repleads Paragraph 1 through Paragraph 19 of 20. the General Allegations.
- Defendants, and each of them, have failed and refused to perform their 21. contractual obligation under the Policies to pay Plaintiff's benefits in full, to refund all premiums taken during Plaintiff's disability, and to provide Plaintiff with rehabilitation benefits, although demand therefor has been made.
- Plaintiff paid all premiums and performed all acts required of her under 22. the Policies.
- As the result of Defendants' breach of contract, as aforesaid, Plaintiff has 23. suffered a loss of the benefits provided by the Policies plus such reasonably foreseeable consequential damages as she has and will incur in the future.

SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION

AGAINST DEFENDANTS AND EACH OF THEM

FOR BREACH OF THE COVENANT OF GOOD FAITH

AND FAIR DEALING

Plaintiff hereby repeats and repleads Paragraph 1 through Paragraph 19 of 24. the General Allegations and Paragraph 21 through Paragraph 23, inclusive of the First Cause of Action.

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25.	The decision of Defendants, and each of them, to withhold benefits
payments due unde	r the Policy, to refuse to provide rehabilitation benefits, to refuse to fully refund
	ing Plaintiff's disability, to engage in tactics to confuse Plaintiff and obfuscate
Defendants wrongo	loing, and to retaliate against Plaintiff was unreasonable because:

- Defendants failed to investigate Plaintiff's claim thoroughly;
- b. Defendants failed to evaluate Plaintiff's claim objectively;
- c. Defendants utilized an unduly restrictive, overly technical and clearly erroneous interpretation of the Policy which ignored established law;
- d. Defendants failed to adequately communicate with Plaintiff, and failed to state an adequate basis for the refusal to pay Plaintiff's claim;
- e. Defendants misrepresented pertinent facts or insurance policy provisions relating to refund of premiums, policies in force, benefits due and Plaintiff's right to rehabilitation benefits;
- f. Defendants failed to adopt and implement reasonable standards for the prompt investigation and processing of claims arising from policies like Plaintiff's:
- g. Defendants failed to make prompt and timely payment of benefits which it acknowledged were due; and
- h. Defendants engaged in abusive practices to avoid paying claims.
- 26. The acts of Defendants, as aforesaid, constitute a breach of the covenant of good faith and fair dealing.
- As a proximate result of Defendants' bad faith, Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer losses of the benefits provided by the Policy and has suffered and continues to suffer injury, embarrassment, humiliation and mental anguish all to her damage in an amount according to proof. Plaintiff has been required to retain an attorney and incur attorney fees to enforce the Policies.
- 28. Defendants committed the acts alleged herein maliciously, fraudulently and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Plaintiff, from an improper and evil

Complaint

motive amounting to malice, and in conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights. Plaintiff is thus entitled to recover punitive damages from Defendants, and each of them, in an amount according to proof.

THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION

AGAINST DEFENDANTS AND EACH OF THEM

FOR FRAUD

- 29. Plaintiff hereby repeats and repleads Paragraph 1 through Paragraph 19 of the General Allegations, Paragraph 21 through Paragraph 23, inclusive of the First Cause of Action, and Paragraph 25 through Paragraph 28, inclusive of the Second Cause of Action.
- 30. In obtaining the Policies and in keeping the Policies in force, Plaintiff reasonably relied upon the representations contained in Defendants' advertising and in the Policies that Plaintiff would be paid benefits timely and in full as provided by the Policies, that premiums would be waived during the period of Plaintiff's disability, that premiums paid at the beginning of Plaintiff's disability would be refunded, that Plaintiff would be permitted the rehabilitation benefit stated in the policy.
- 31. The representations described in the preceding Paragraph were false. The true fact was that Defendants would not do any of the things described in the preceding Paragraph, but instead would refuse to do those things and would attempt to obfuscate and cover up yheir refusal and would retaliate against Plaintiff if she complained.
- 32. Defendants knew, or in the exercise of reasonable care should have known, that the representations described above were false, but nonetheless failed to tell Plaintiff the true facts. Said representations were made with the intent to deceive Plaintiff and to induce Plaintiff to pay premiums on the Policies.
- 33. As a proximate result of Defendants' fraud, Plaintiff has suffered and continues to suffer losses of the benefits provided by the Policy and has suffered and continues to suffer injury, embarrassment, humiliation and mental anguish all to her damage in an amount according to proof.
 - 34. Defendants committed the acts alleged herein maliciously, fraudulently

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and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Plaintiff, from an improper and evil motive amounting to malice, and in conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights. Plaintiff is thus entitled to recover punitive damages from Defendants, and each of them, in an amount according to proof.

FOURTH CAUSE OF ACTION

AGAINST DEFENDANTS AND EACH OF THEM

FOR NEGLIGENT MISREPRESENTATION

- 35. Plaintiff hereby repeats and repleads Paragraph 1 through Paragraph 19 of the General Allegations, Paragraph 21 through Paragraph 23, inclusive of the First Cause of Action, Paragraph 25 through Paragraph 28, inclusive of the Second Cause of Action, and Paragraph 30 through Paragraph 34 of the Third Cause of Action.
- 36. Plaintiff is informed and believes and thereon alleges that during the time Defendants misled Plaintiff, as aforesaid, Defendants lacked any reasonable ground for believing the representations described above to be true. Plaintiff justifiably relied on said statements.
- 37. As a proximate result of Defendants' negligent misrepresentations,
 Plaintiff has suffered and continue to suffer losses of the benefits provided by the Policy and has
 suffered and continues to suffer injury, embarrassment, humiliation and mental anguish all to her
 damage in an amount according to proof.

FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

AGAINST DEFENDANTS AND EACH OF THEM

FOR UNFAIR BUSINESS PRACTICES

- 38. Plaintiff hereby repeats and repleads Paragraph 1 through Paragraph 19 of the General Allegations, Paragraph 21 through Paragraph 23, inclusive of the First Cause of Action, and Paragraph 25 through Paragraph 28, inclusive of the Second Cause of Action, Paragraph 30 through Paragraph 34 of the Third Cause of Action, and Paragraph 36 through 37, inclusive of the Fourth Cause of Action.
- 39. The practices of Defendants described hereinabove are unlawful, unfair or fraudulent business practices of the sort prohibited by California Business and Professions Code

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section 17200.

Defendants have improperly profited from the practices described above.

SIXTH CAUSE OF ACTION

AGAINST DEFENDANTS AND EACH OF THEM

FOR INTENTIONAL INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

- 41. Plaintiff hereby repeats and repleads Paragraph 1 through Paragraph 19 of the General Allegations, Paragraph 21 through Paragraph 23, inclusive of the First Cause of Action, Paragraph 25 through Paragraph 28, inclusive of the Second Cause of Action, Paragraph 30 through Paragraph 34 of the Third Cause of Action, Paragraph 36 through 37, inclusive of the Fourth Cause of Action, and Paragraph 39 through Paragraph 40 inclusive of the Fifth Cause of Action.
- 42. The conduct set forth hereinabove was extreme and outrageous and an abuse of the authority and position of Defendants and each of them. Said conduct was intended to cause severe emotional distress, or was done in conscious disregard of the probability of causing such distress.
- 43. As a proximate result of Defendants' intentional conduct, as aforesaid,
 Plaintiff suffered emotional distress and mental suffering, embarrassment, humiliation and mental
 anguish all to his damage in an amount according to proof.
- 44. Defendants committed the acts alleged herein maliciously, fraudulently and oppressively, with the wrongful intention of injuring Plaintiff, from an improper and evil motive amounting to malice, and in conscious disregard of Plaintiff's rights. Plaintiff thus is entitled to recover punitive damages from defendant in an amount according to proof.

SEVENTH CAUSE OF ACTION

AGAINST DEFENDANTS AND EACH OF THEM

FOR NEGLIGENT INFLICTION OF EMOTIONAL DISTRESS

45. Plaintiff hereby repeats and repleads Paragraph 1 through Paragraph 19 of the General Allegations, Paragraph 21 through Paragraph 23, inclusive of the First Cause of Action, Paragraph 25 through Paragraph 28, inclusive of the Second Cause of Action, Paragraph

		Description 36 through 37, inclusive of the
L	30 through Paragraph 3	4 of the Third Cause of Action, Paragraph 36 through 37, inclusive of the
2	Fourth Cause of Action	, and Paragraph 39 through Paragraph 40 inclusive of the Fifth Cause of
3	Action.	and outrageous and an
4	46.	The conduct set forth hereinabove was extreme and outrageous and an
5	abuse of the authority	and position of Defendants and each of them. Defendants knew, or should
6	have known, that their	acts would cause plaintiff emotional distress.
7	A'7	As a proximate result of Defendants' negligence, as aforesaid, Franklin
В	suffered emotional dis	tress and mental suffering, embarrassment, humiliation and mental anguish
9	all to his damage in At	amount according to proof.
10	WHERE	FORE, Plaintiff prays judgment against Defendants, and each of them, as
11	follows:	
12		ON THE FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION
13	1.	For damages according to proof;
14	2.	For prejudgment interest on that sum;
15	3.	For costs of suit herein incurred; and
16	4.	For such other and further relief as the Court deems proper.
	ON	THE SECOND, THIRD AND SIXTH CAUSES OF ACTION
17	•	For special damages according to proof;
18		For general damages according to proof;
19		For punitive damages in a sum sufficient to punish Defendants;
20		For Plaintiff's attorney fees incurred to enforce the Policies;
21		For costs of suit herein incurred; and
22		For such other and further relief as the Court deems proper.
23		ON THE FOURTH AND SEVENTH CAUSES OF ACTION
24	•	For special damages according to proof;
25		For general damages according to proof;
26		For costs of suit herein incurred; and
2'	1	For such other and further relief as the Court deems proper.
2	8 4.	Lot and office and terms

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ON THE FIFTH CAUSE OF ACTION

- 1. For an order that Defendants and their agents, attorneys, servants and employees be restrained and enjoined from the unfair business practices as alleged;
- 2. For an order that Defendants and their agents, attorneys, servants and employees disgorge any and all profits they have made attributable to said unfair business practices;
 - 3. For an award of attorney fees pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5;
 - 4. For costs of suit herein incurred;
 - 5. For such other and further relief as the Court deems proper.

Dated: April 16, 2007

LAW OFFICE OF MICHAEL E. KINNEY

Michael E. Kinney
Attorney for Plaintiff

I am a resident of the State of California, over the age of eighteen years, and not a party to the within action. I am employed in the office of a member of the bar of this court at whose direction the service was made. My business address is REED SMITH LLP, 1999 Harrison Street, Suite 2400, Oakland, CA 94612-3572. On May 24, 2007, I served the following document(s) by the method indicated below:

NOTICE OF REMOVAL

above to the fax number(s) set forth below. The transmission was completed before 5:00 PM and was reported complete and without error. The transmission report, which is attached to this proof of service, was properly issued by the transmitting fax machine. Service by fax was made by agreement of the parties, confirmed in writing.
by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope with postage thereon fully prepaid, in the United States mail at Oakland, California addressed as set forth below. I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing of correspondence for mailing. Under that practice, it would be deposited with the U.S. Postal Service on that same day with postage thereon fully prepaid in the ordinary course of business. I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if the postal cancellation date or postage meter date is more than one day after the date of deposit for mailing in this Declaration.
 by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope(s) and by causing personal delivery of the envelope(s) to the person(s) at the address(es) set forth below. A signed proof of service by the process server or delivery service will be filed shortly.
by placing the document(s) listed above in a sealed envelope(s) and consigning it to an express mail service for guaranteed delivery on the next business day following the date of consignment to the address(es) set forth below. A copy of the consignment slip is attached to this proof of service.
by transmitting via email to the parties at the email addresses listed below:

Michael E. Kinney, Esq. Law Office of Michael E. Kinney 438 First Street Fourth Floor Santa Rosa, CA 95401

Case 4:07-cv-02757-SBA Document 1 Filed 05/25/2007

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the United States that the above is true and correct. Executed May 24, 2007, at Oakland, California.

Morene Avakian

Page 19 of 19